

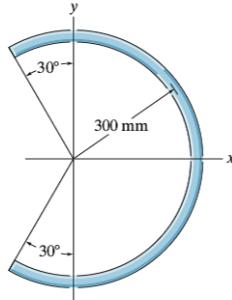
Problemas sobre centroides

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9-1. Locate the center of mass of the homogeneous rod bent into the shape of a circular arc.

$$2.- \Sigma f_y \quad Ax = 11b$$

$$3.- \Sigma ma \quad Ay = \Pi lb$$



Prob. 9-1

Figure 1. This is a caption

$$Y=0$$

$$x \frac{\int_1 x \, dl}{\int_1 \, dl}$$

$$x=r \cos \theta$$

$$Y=r \sin \theta$$

$$dl=\sqrt{dx^2+dy^2}=r^2 (\sin^2 \theta \, d\theta^2) + r^2 (\cos^2 \theta \, d\theta^2)$$

$$dx=-r \sin \theta \, d\theta = \sqrt{r^2 d\theta^2 (\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta)}$$

$$dy=r \cos \theta \, d\theta = r \theta$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\int_{-\frac{2\pi}{3}}^{\frac{2\pi}{3}} r \cos \theta \, d\theta}{\int_{-\frac{2\pi}{3}}^{\frac{2\pi}{3}} r \, d\theta} = \frac{r^2 \int_{-\frac{2\pi}{3}}^{\frac{2\pi}{3}} \cos \theta \, d\theta}{r \int_{-\frac{2\pi}{3}}^{\frac{2\pi}{3}} d\theta} \\ & = \frac{r \sin \theta \Big|_{-\frac{2\pi}{3}}^{\frac{2\pi}{3}}}{\theta \Big|_{-\frac{2\pi}{3}}^{\frac{2\pi}{3}}} = \frac{r[0.0866 + 0.866]}{\frac{4\pi}{3}} = \frac{300mm[1.732]}{4.189} = 124 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

$$X=\frac{\int_2 x \, dl}{\int_2 \, dl} = \int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} r \cos \theta \, r \theta$$

$$X=r \cos \theta$$

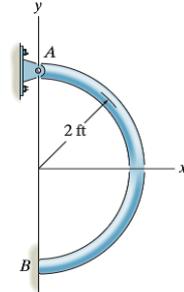
$$dl=r \, d\theta$$

$$\frac{r \sin \theta \Big|_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}}}{\theta \Big|_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}}} = \frac{r[1+1]}{\frac{\pi}{2}} = \frac{2(2)}{\frac{\pi}{2}} = \frac{4}{\frac{\pi}{2}} = 1.25$$

$$(1) . \Sigma f_x$$

$$Bx=11b$$

9-2. Locate the center of gravity \bar{x} of the homogeneous rod bent in the form of a semicircular arc. The rod has a weight per unit length of 0.5 lb/ft. Also, determine the horizontal reaction at the smooth support B and the x and y components of reaction at the pin A .



Prob. 9-2

Figure 2. This is a caption

$$1.- Ax + Bx$$

$$2.- Ay -w=0$$

$$Ay=w$$

$$3.- -xw + Bx (4ft)=0$$

$$-2 r/\Pi(0.5 \text{ lb/ft})\Pi + Bx (4ft) = 0$$

$$-2r^2(0.5 \text{ lb/ ft}) + 4 \text{ ft } Bx = 0$$

$$4ft Bx=2 r^2 (0.5 \text{ lb/ft})$$

$$Bx=2r^2/4 \text{ ft } (0.5 \text{ lb/ ft}) =[2(4ft) / (4ft)] (0.5 \text{ lb}) = 1 \text{ lb}$$